16-2-2023

I Semester

Course Title: Mathematics-I for	Civil Engineering stream		
Course Code:	BMATC101	CIE Marks	50
Course Type	Integrated	SEE Marks	50
(Theory/Practical/Integrated)		Total Marks	100
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:2:0	Exam Hours	03
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 10 to12 Lab slots	Credits	04

Course objectives: The goal of the course Mathematics-I for Civil Engineering stream(22MATC11) is to

- **Familiarize** the importance of calculus associated with onevariable and two variables for Civil engineering.
- Analyze Civil engineering problems applying Ordinary Differential Equations.
- **Develop** the knowledge of Linear Algebra referring to matrices.

Teaching-Learning Process

Pedagogy (General Instructions):

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied mathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self-study.
- 4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
- 6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
 - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
 - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
 - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
 - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
 - As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Module-1:Calculus (8 hours)

Introduction to polar coordinates and curvature relating to Civil engineering.

Polar coordinates, Polar curves, angle between the radius vector and the tangent, and angle between two curves. Pedal equations. Curvature and Radius of curvature - Cartesian, Parametric, Polar and Pedal forms. Problems.

Self-study: Center and circle of curvature, evolutes and involutes.

Applications: Structural design and paths, Strength of materials, Elasticity.

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Module-2:Series Expansion and Multivariable Calculus (8 hours)

16-2-2023

Introduction to series expansion and partial differentiation in the field of Civil engineering applications.

Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion for one variable (Statement only) – problems. Indeterminate forms - L'Hospital's rule, problems.

Partial differentiation, total derivative - differentiation of composite functions. Jacobian and problems. Maxima and minima for a function of two variables - Problems.

Self-study: Euler's theorem and problems. Method of Lagrange's undetermined multipliers with single constraint.

Applications: Computation of stress and strain, Errors and approximations, Estimating the critical points and extreme values.

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Module-3: Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs) of First Order (8 hours)

Introduction to first-order ordinary differential equations pertaining to the applications for Civil engineering.

Linear and Bernoulli's differential equations. Exact and reducible to exact differential equations -Integrating factors on $\frac{1}{N} \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} \right)$ and $\frac{1}{M} \left(\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial M}{\partial y} \right)$. Orthogonal trajectories and Newton's law of cooling.

Nonlinear differential equations: Introduction to general and singular solutions, Solvable for p only, Clairaut's equations, reducible to Clairaut's equations - Problems.

Self-Study: Applications of ODEs in Civil Engineering problems like bending of the beam, whirling of shaft, solution of non-linear ODE by the method of solvable for x and y.

Applications: Rate of Growth or Decay, Conduction of heat.

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Module-4:Ordinary Differential Equations of Higher Order(8 hours)

Importance of higher-order ordinary differential equations in Civil engineering applications.

Higher-order linear ODEs with constant coefficients - Inverse differential operator, method of variation of parameters, Cauchy's and Legendre's homogeneous differential equations -Problems.

Self-Study: Formulation and solution of Cantilever beam. Finding the solution by the method of undetermined coefficients.

Applications: Oscillations of a spring, Transmission lines, Highway engineering.

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Module-5: Linear Algebra (8 hours)

Introduction of linear algebra related to Civil engineering applications.

Elementary row transformationofa matrix, Rank of a matrix. Consistency and solution of a system of linear equations - Gauss-elimination method, Gauss-Jordan method and approximate solution by Gauss-Seidel method. Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, Rayleigh's power method to find the dominant Eigenvalue and Eigenvector.

Self-Study: Solution of a system of linear equations by Gauss-Jacobi iterative method. Inverse of a square matrix by Cayley- Hamilton theorem.

Applications: Structural Analysis, Balancing equations.

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

List of	Laboratory experiments (2 hours/week per batch/ batch strength 15)						
10 lab	sessions + 1 repetition class + 1 Lab Assessment						
1	2D plots for Cartesian and polar curves						
2	Finding angle between polar curves, curvature and radius of curvature of a given curve						
3	Finding partial derivatives and Jacobian						
4	Applications to Maxima and Minima of two variables						
5	Solution of first-order ordinary differential equation and plotting the solution curves						
6	Solutions of Second-order ordinary differential equations with initial/boundary conditions						
7	Solution of a differential equation of oscillations of a spring/deflection of a beam with different loads						
8	Numerical solution of system of linear equations, test for consistency and graphical representation						
9	Solution of system of linear equations using Gauss-Seidel iteration						
10	Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors and find the largest and smallest eigenvalue by the Rayleigh power method.						
Sugges	ted software: Mathematica/MatLab/Python/Scilab						
	outcome (Course Skill Set)						
At the e	and of the course the student will be able to:						
CO1	apply the knowledge of calculus to solve problems related to polar curves.						
CO2	learn the notion of partial differentiation to compute rate of change of multivariate functions.						
CO3	analyze the solution of linear and nonlinear ordinary differential equations.						
CO4	make use of matrix theory for solving the system of linear equations and compute						
	eigenvalues and eigenvectors.						
CO5	familiarize with modern mathematical tools namely MATHEMATICA/ MATLAB/ PYTHON/SCILAB						
	r THON/SCILAD						

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). The minimum passing mark for the SEE is 35% of the maximum marks (18 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation(CIE):

The CIE marks for the theory component of the IC shall be **30 marks** and for the laboratory component **20 Marks**.

CIE for the theory component of the IC

- Three Tests each of 20 Marks; after the completion of the syllabus of 35-40%, 65-70%, and 90-100% respectively.
- Two Assignments/two quizzes/ seminars/one field survey and report presentation/one-course project totalling 20 marks.

Total Marks scored (test + assignments) out of 80 shall be scaled down to **30 marks.**

CIE for the practical component of the IC

- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated and marks shall be awarded on the same day. The **15 marks** are for conducting the experiment and preparation of the laboratory record, the other **05 marks shall be for the test** conducted at the end of the semester.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to 15 marks.
- The laboratory test (duration 03 hours) at the end of the 15th week of the semester/after completion of all the experiments (whichever is early) shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 05 marks.

Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IC/IPCC for **20 marks**.

• The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be 12 (40% of maximum marks) in the theory component and 08 (40% of maximum marks) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IC/IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included. The maximum of 05 questions is to be set from the practical component of IC/IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than 25 marks.

The theory component of the IC shall be for both CIE and SEE.

Semester End Examination(SEE):

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- The question paper shall be set for 100 marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English/Kannada). The duration of SEE is 03 hours.
- The question paper will have 10 questions. Two questions per module. Each question is set for 20 marks. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. The student has to answer for 100 marks and **marks scored out of 100 shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks**.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books (Title of the Book/Name of the author/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year) Text Books

- 1. **B. S. Grewal**: "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, 44thEd., 2021.
- 2. E. Kreyszig: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 10thEd., 2018.

Reference Books

- 1. V. Ramana: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed., 2017
- 2. Srimanta Pal & Subodh C.Bhunia: "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 3rd Ed., 2016.
- 3. **N.P Bali and Manish Goyal**: "A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics" Laxmi Publications, 10th Ed., 2022.
- 4. **C. Ray Wylie, Louis C. Barrett:** "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" McGraw Hill Book Co., New York, 6th Ed., 2017.
- 5. **Gupta C.B, Sing S.R and Mukesh Kumar:** "Engineering Mathematic for Semester I and II", Mc-Graw Hill Education(India) Pvt. Ltd 2015.
- 6. **H. K. Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma:** "Higher Engineering Mathematics" S. Chand Publication, 3rd Ed., 2014.
- 7. James Stewart: "Calculus" Cengage Publications, 7thEd., 2019.
- 8. **David C Lay:** "Linear Algebra and its Applications", Pearson Publishers, 4th Ed., 2018.
- 9. **Gareth Williams:** "Linear Algebra with Applications", Jones Bartlett Publishers Inc., 6th Ed., 2017.
- 10. Gilbert Strang: "Linear Algebra and its Applications", Cengage Publications, 4th Ed., 2022.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>
- <u>http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)</u>
- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

COs and POs Mapping (Individual teacher has to fill up)

COs	POs							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
CO1								
CO2								
CO3								
CO4								
CO5								
Level 3- Hi	ghly Mapped,	Level 2-Mo	derately Mapp	ed, Level 1	-Low Mapped,	, Level 0- No	t Mapped	